THE U.S. LEGISLATIVE PROCESS

**SENATE**
- A bill is introduced by a member of the Senate and assigned to a committee for review.
- The committee meets to discuss, amend, and vote on the bill.
- If approved, the bill proceeds to the full Senate for further discussion, amendments, and voting.
- Both chambers vote on the final bill.
- If approved, the bill must pass through both chambers before being sent to the President.
- A conference committee, made of members of both chambers, meets to resolve any differences between the House and Senate versions of the bill.
- The veto can be overridden by Congress with a 2/3 vote.
- The President signs the bill and it becomes law.

**HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES**
- A bill is introduced by a member of the House and assigned to a committee for review.
- The committee meets to discuss, amend, and vote on the bill.
- If approved, the bill proceeds to the full House for further discussion, amendments, and voting.
- Both chambers vote on the final bill.
- If approved, the bill must pass through both chambers before being sent to the President.
- The veto can be overridden by Congress with a 2/3 vote.
- The President vetoes the bill and sends it back to Congress.

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